Activity/ Situation	FULL OPENING OF SCHOOL DURING COVID-19 PANDEMIC				9	
Location						
Persons at Risk	Pupils 🛛	Employees⊠	Visitors	s 🛛	Contrac	ctors ⊠
Note: this list is not exhaustive and <u>must</u> be adapted for your own needs * Contact Between Individuals Not Minimised and Social Distancing Measures Not Followed * Social Distancing Measures Not Followed During Travel to and from School * Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising * Shared Resources * Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and Families, Visitors and Contractors * Site User Becoming Unwell * Site User Developing Symptoms * Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE * Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronavirus * Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE * Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronavirus * Inadequate Ventilation						and
CONTROL ME	ASURES			YES	NO	N/A
provided (addin	d and adapt this generic risk ass g and amending others where n Individuals Not Minim	ecessary) and then eval	uate the overall i	risk for the a	ctivity/situatio	n.
Consistent groups the risk of transmis	are in place which redu soion by limiting the nun in contact with each oth	As the new ices spread qui nber York has r	v variant ickly and ising School ed to be			
in each group, and	a record of pupils and s any close contact that een children and staff in	This shoul proportions recording p Schools do taff to ask pup record eve	d be a ate process. o not need ils to eryone spent time day or ask ep ecords in is overly			
groups that are the can be achieved, it will help to reduce	ay be able to implement size of a full class. If the is recommended, as the the number of people w isolate should someone	ht hat his vho We follow system an sizes to be minimised	a POD d group distancing		⊠	

the group become ill with coronavirus (COVID- 19).	mean transmission rates could accelerate			
In the younger years in Secondary Schools (key stage 3), schools may be able to implement groups that are the size of a full class. If that can be achieved, it is recommended, as this will help to reduce the number of people who could be asked to isolate should someone in group become ill with coronavirus (COVID-19).				X
In Secondary Schools, and certainly in the older age groups at key stage 4 and key stage 5, the groups are likely to need to be the size of a year group to enable schools to deliver the full range of curriculum subjects and students to receive specialist teaching. If this can be achieved with small groups, they are recommended				
Whatever the size of the group, they are kept apart from other groups and older children are encouraged to keep their distance within their groups		\boxtimes		
Schools with the capability to do it should take steps to limit interaction, and the sharing of rooms and social spaces between groups as much as possible		×		
It is recognised that younger children will not be able to maintain social distancing, and it is acceptable for them not to distance within their group	Most of SEND students do not distance and some SEMH will aggressively confront staff with face to face aggression			
Schools keep children in their class groups for the majority of the classroom time, but also allow mixing into wider groups for specialist teaching, wraparound care and transport		\boxtimes		
Siblings may be in different groups				\boxtimes
Teachers and other staff operate across different classes and year groups in order to facilitate the delivery of the school timetable				
Where staff need to move between classes and year groups, they should keep their distance from pupils and other staff as much as they can, ideally 2 metres from other adults	See Inadequate Personal Protection section of this RA	X		
Where possible adults maintain a 2 metre distance from each other, and from children	Not possible due to the needs of some students in the school with additional needs		×	
Adults avoid close face to face contact and limit time spent within 1 metre of anyone	- direct close contacts - face to face contact with an infected individual for any length of time , within 1 metre,			

	including being coughed on, a face to face conversation, or unprotected physical contact (skin-to-skin) - proximity contacts - extended close contact (within 1 to 2 metres for more than 15 minutes) with an infected individual Intimate care / medical need / specific SEND makes this very difficult in a specialschool			
Within the classroom a distance between people is maintained so far as reasonably practical	It is accepted that distancing may not be possible in primary schools and special schools		\boxtimes	
Pupils are seated side by side and facing forwards, rather than face to face or side on	Many of our pupils roam / are dysregulated and require intimate care		\boxtimes	
Staff will work side on to pupils as opposed to face to face whenever possible	This is not possible in special schools where pupils may have conditions requiring close contact due to impairments		X	
Educational and care support is provided as normal to pupils who have complex needs or who need close contact care		\boxtimes		
Schools, local authorities, health professionals, regional schools commissioners and other services work together to ensure that children with medical conditions are fully supported, including through the use of individual healthcare plans, so that they may receive an education in line with their peers	In some cases, the pupil's medical needs will mean this is not possible, and educational support will require flexibility. <u>Our guidance on</u> <u>supporting pupils at</u> <u>school with medical</u> <u>conditions</u> remains in place	×		
Unnecessary furniture has been moved out of classrooms to make more space		\boxtimes		
Large gatherings such as assemblies or collective worship with more than one group do not take place	Virtual catch ups where possible			
The timetable and selection of classroom or other learning environment has been	Pods in place, fobbed access to	\boxtimes		

			I	
used to reduce movement around the school or building	pods only. No pod crossing			
Consideration given to staggered starts or adjusting start and finish times to keep groups apart as they arrive and leave school	Staggered start and finish times should not reduce the amount of overall teaching time	X		
Parents' drop-off and pick-up protocols planned to minimise adult to adult contact		X		
Parents and pupils are told their allocated drop off and collection times and the process for doing so, including protocols for minimising adult to adult contact (for example, which entrance to use)		X		
It is made clear to parents that they cannot gather at entrance gates or doors, or enter the site (unless they have a pre-arranged appointment, which should be conducted safely)				Ø
External entrances to classrooms are used where practical This is to be the case for the re-opening of the Wellbeing room		X		
Break times are staggered so that all pupils are not moving around the school at the same time		\boxtimes		
Lunch breaks are staggered		X		
Numbers of staff using Staff Room are limited or the use of Staff Room is staggered to ensure that staff maintain 2 metres distance from each other	The taping off or removal of chairs may be needed to ensure staff cannot sit within 2 metres of each other. Staff must still have a break of a reasonable length during the day Staff to sign in and out of staffroom with timings	×		
Staff meetings take place remotely where possible. Where this is not possible staff meetings take place in a large well ventilated room ensuring 2 metres social distancing at all times	Virtual staff meetings could take place where staff stay in their classrooms and join the meeting			
School can resume non-overnight domestic educational visits	Domestic (UK) overnight and overseas educational visits are prohibited			×
Social Distancing Measures Not Followed D	uring Travel to and fro	m Schoo	I	
Parents and pupils are encouraged to walk or				M

Parents and pupils are encouraged to walk or		
cycle to their education setting where possible		

Schools, parents and pupils following the government guidance on how to travel safely,	safer travel guidance	\boxtimes	
when planning their travel on public transport	for passengers		
Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising			
A cleaning schedule that ensures cleaning is generally enhanced and includes more frequent cleaning of rooms / shared areas that are used by different groups is in place	Supplemented with touch point cleaning records for daily recording – morning and afternoon		
Surfaces that pupils are touching, such as toys, books, desks, chairs, doors, sinks, toilets, light switches, bannisters etc. are cleaned more often than normal	Touch point cleaning records		
Electronic entry systems and keypads are regularly sanitised particularly first thing in the morning and where possible after each use			
Bins for tissues and other rubbish are emptied throughout the day		\boxtimes	
Stocks of cleaning chemicals, liquid soap, paper towels, tissues, toilet roll, bin bags etc. regularly checked and additional supplies requested as necessary			
Consideration given to how play equipment is used ensuring it is appropriately cleaned between groups of children using it			
Outdoor playground equipment should be more frequently cleaned	This would also apply to resources used inside and outside by wraparound care providers		
Shared Resources			
For individual and very frequently used equipment, such as pencils and pens, it is recommended that staff and pupils have their own items that are not shared			
Classroom based resources, such as books and games, can be used and shared within the bubble; these are cleaned regularly, along with all frequently touched surfaces			
Resources that are shared between classes or bubbles, such as sports, art and science equipment should be cleaned frequently and meticulously and always between bubbles, or rotated to allow them to be left unused and out of reach for a period of 48 hours (72 hours for plastics) between use by different bubbles			
Pupils can bring essentials such as lunch boxes, hats, coats, books, stationery, bags and mobile phones (depending on school policy) in to school			

Pupils and teachers can take books and other	It is very difficult to			
shared resources home, although unnecessary sharing should be avoided, especially where this does not contribute to pupil education and development. Rules on hand cleaning, cleaning of the resources and rotation apply to these resources	adequately clean exercise books so the school may need to isolate the books for 48 hours before marking			
Devices/ laptops/tablets etc. that are brought from home to school and back again are cleaned at the start and end of the day		\boxtimes		
Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and F	amilies, Visitors and C	Contracto	rs	
Contact with individuals who are unwell is minimised by ensuring that those who have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, or who have someone in their household who does, do not attend school	Ensuring that pupils, staff and other adults do not come into the school if they have <u>coronavirus (COVID-</u> <u>19) symptoms</u> , or have tested positive in the last 10 days, and ensuring anyone developing those symptoms during the school day is sent home, are essential actions to reduce the risk in schools and further drive down transmission of coronavirus (COVID- 19) Testing site being delivered as DFE deliveries allow			
The school recognises that if they have two or more confirmed cases within 14 days, or an overall rise in sickness absence where coronavirus (COVID-19) is suspected, they may have an outbreak and must continue to work with their local health protection team who will be able to advise if additional action is required				
Those pupils whose doctors have confirmed they are still Clinically Extremely Vulnerable are not to attend education whilst the national restrictions are in place. Schools will need to make appropriate arrangements to enable them to continue their education at home.	Advice for those identified through a letter from the NHS or a specialist doctor as in the group deemed clinically extremely vulnerable Google classroom and physical resources available for pupils	×		

		1	
Staff who are Clinically Extremely Vulnerable MUST NOT attend the workplace during the period of national restrictions	Individuals in this group have been identified through a letter from the NHS or their GP. Staff should be supported to be able to continue working from their home where possible <u>Clinically Extremely</u> <u>Vulnerable</u>		
Staff and pupils who are Clinically Vulnerable or have underlying health conditions but are not clinically extremely vulnerable, may continue to attend school in line with current guidance.	See Section 9 of <u>New-national-</u> <u>restrictions-from-5-</u> <u>november</u>		
Staff who are in the clinically vulnerable group can work in school, taking particular care to observe good hand and respiratory hygiene, minimising contact and maintaining social distancing. (The only exception to this may be in some very high alert areas, where the government issue NEW notifications to shield to those most vulnerable individuals)	Adults should maintain 2 metre distance from others, and where this is not possible avoid close face to face contact and minimise time spent within 1 metre of others. While the risk of transmission between young children and adults is likely to be low, 9although new variant appears to be more transmissible)adults should continue to take care to socially distance from other adults including older children/adolescents An Individual Risk Assessment will be needed. Advice sought on a case by case basis. Individual Risk Assessments will need to be subject to regular review		
People who live with those who are clinically extremely vulnerable or clinically vulnerable can and do attend the workplace	An Individual Risk Assessment may be needed. Advice sought on a case by case basis. Individual Risk Assessments will		

	need to be subject to regular review			
Pregnant women are in the 'clinically vulnerable' category	School must complete the New and Expectant Mothers risk assessment as well as the Covid Individual risk assessment. Both the New and Expectant Mothers and the Individual Risk Assessment must be reviewed prior to 28 weeks when risk factors increase. Individual Risk Assessments will need to be subject to regular review <u>RCOG Q&A -covid- 19-virus-infection- and-pregnancy</u>			
Where it is necessary to use supply staff and peripatetic teachers, those individuals will be expected to comply with the school's arrangements for managing and minimising risk, including taking particular care to minimise contact and maintain as much distance as possible from other staff	To minimise the numbers of temporary staff entering the school premises, and secure best value, schools may wish to use longer assignments with supply teachers and agree a minimum number of hours across the academic year			
Specialists, therapists, clinicians and other support staff for pupils with SEND provide interventions as usual	Where agreed and safe with planning shared and agreed	\boxtimes		
Volunteers may be used to support the work of the school, as would usually be the case	Mixing of volunteers across groups should be kept to a minimum, and they should remain 2 metres from pupils and staff where possible		×	
Access to PPE should be available where there is contact with diagnosed or suspected person with covid-19	See Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE section of this risk assessment			
Site User Becoming Unwell				

If anyone in the school becomes unwell with a new, continuous cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia), they must be sent home and advised to follow the guidance which sets out that they must self- isolate for at least 10 days and should <u>arrange</u> to have a test to see if they have coronavirus (COVID-19). Other members of their household (including any siblings) should self- isolate for 14 days from when the symptomatic person first had symptoms	stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID- 19) infection If they have tested positive whilst not experiencing symptoms but develop symptoms during the isolation period, they should restart the 10-day isolation period from the day they develop symptoms New guidance regarding the lateral flow tests to be followed once all supplies for the testing of staff (twice weekly) and close contact pupils in place.		
If a pupil is awaiting collection, they should be moved, if possible, to a room where they can be isolated behind a closed door, depending on the age of the Pupils and with appropriate adult supervision if required. Ideally, a window should be opened for ventilation.	If it is not possible to isolate them, move them to an area which is at least 2 metres away from other people		
If the pupil needs to go to the toilet while waiting to be collected, they should use a separate toilet if possible. The toilet should be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else			
PPE should be worn by staff caring for the pupil while they await collection if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained (such as for a very young pupil or a pupil with complex needs)	See Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE section of this risk assessment		
In an emergency, call 999 if the pupil is seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk.	Anyone with coronavirus (COVID- 19) symptoms should not visit the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital	\boxtimes	
Any member of staff who has provided close contact care to someone with symptoms, even while wearing PPE, and all other members of staff or pupils who have been in close contact with that person with symptoms,			

			1	
even if wearing a face covering, do not need				
to go home to self-isolate unless:				
 the symptomatic person subsequently tasts a solitize 				
tests positive				
they develop symptoms themselves (in				
which case, they should arrange to				
have a test)				
 they are requested to do so by NHS 				
Test and Trace or the PHE advice				
service (or PHE local health protection				
team if escalated)				
Everyone must wash their hands thoroughly				
for 20 seconds with soap and running water or	This is encouraged	\boxtimes		
use hand sanitiser after any contact with	throughout the day			
someone who is unwell				
The area around the person with symptoms	COVID-19: cleaning			
must be cleaned with normal household	of non-healthcare	\boxtimes		
disinfectant after they have left to reduce the	settings guidance			
risk of passing the infection on to other people	<u>settings guidance</u>			
Site User Developing Symptoms				
Schools must ensure that staff members and	The advice service			
parents/carers understand that they will need	(or PHE local health			
to be ready and willing to book a test if they	protection team if			
are displaying symptoms. The main symptoms	escalated) will			
are a high temperature, a new continuous	provide definitive			
cough and/or a loss or change to your sense	advice on who must			
of smell or taste. Staff and pupils must not	be sent home. A	\boxtimes		
come into the school if they have symptoms,	template letter will			
and must be sent home to self-isolate if they	be provided to			
develop them in school. All children can be	schools, on the			
tested if they have symptoms, including	advice of the health			
children under 5, but children aged 11 and	protection team, to			
under will need to be helped by their parents	send to parents and			
or carers if using a home testing kit	staff if needed			
School have received an initial supply of 10	School should call			
home test kits and information about how to	the Test and Trace			
order to replenish this supply when they are	helpdesk on 119 if	\boxtimes		
running out	these have not			
	arrived.			
	The test kits sent to			
	schools are provided			
	to be used in the			
	exceptional			
	circumstance that an			
	individual becomes			
School determines how to prioritise the	symptomatic and			
distribution of their test kits in order to	schools believe they	\boxtimes		
minimise the impact of the virus on the	may have barriers to			
education of their pupils.	accessing testing			
	elsewhere.			
	These kits can be			
	given directly to staff			
	or parents and			
	carers collecting a			
	child who has			

developed		
symptoms at school.		
In particular, these		
tests kits will also		
help ensure that		
symptomatic staff		
can also get a test		
and if they test		
negative, can return		
to work as soon as		
they no longer have		
symptoms of		
coronavirus (COVID-		
19). Further		
information is		
provided in our		
guidance		
<u>Coronavirus</u>		
(COVID-19): test kits		
for schools and FE		
providers.		
THIS IS NOW		
PAUSED – JAN 21		
JANUARY 2021		
School in		
conjunction with		
PHE and local PHE		
to have rapid flow		
kits and a test centre		
in place. In then		
event of a positive		
case the person will		
be isolated as per		
this guidance and		
with PHE organise		
for daily testing for		
those close contacts		
provided consent is		
received. If consent		
is not given or if it is		
and a test cannot be		
undertaken due to		
the needs of a		
person, then they		
will go into self		
isolation at home.		
Staff will receive		
testing kits for twice		
weekly testing at		
home		
THIS HAS NOW		
BEEN PAUSED –		
JAN 21 ALL WILL		
SELF ISOLATE		

	Staff will continue to do twice weekly home flow testing if they have consented (Monday 1 st January had 99 tests taken and recorded)		
Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to provide details of anyone they have been in close contact with if they were to test positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) or if asked by NHS Test & Trace			
Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to <u>self-isolate</u> if they have been in close contact with someone who develops coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms or someone who tests positive for coronavirus (COVID-19)	Household members of those contacts who are sent home do not need to self- isolate themselves unless the child, young person or staff member who is self-isolating subsequently develops symptoms New close contact testing regime to be deployed once supplies, training and site set up . (THIS HAS NOW BEEN PAUSED AND STAFF / PUPILS WILL BE SENT HOME TO SELF ISOLATE) JAN 21		
Parents and staff are asked to inform the school immediately of the results of a test	Schools must not share the names or details of people with coronavirus (COVID-19) unless essential to protect others		
If someone with symptoms tests negative for coronavirus (COVID-19), then they need should stay at home until they are recovered as usual from their illness but can safely return thereafter. The only exception to return following a negative test result is where an individual is separately identified as a close contact of a confirmed case, when they will need to self-isolate for 10 days from the date of that contact	Schools should not request evidence of negative test results or other medical evidence before admitting children or welcoming them back after a period of self-isolation		
Someone who is self-isolating because they have been in close contact with someone who has tested positive for coronavirus (COVID- 19) starts to feel unwell and gets a test for	This is because they could still develop coronavirus (COVID-		

coronavirus themselves, and the test delivers	19) within the		
a negative result, they must remain in isolation	remaining days		
for the remainder of the isolation period	U V		
If someone with symptoms tests positive, they should follow the <u>'stay at home: guidance for</u> <u>households with possible or confirmed</u> <u>coronavirus (COVID-19) infection'</u> and must continue to self-isolate for at least 10 days from the onset of their symptoms and then return to school only if they do not have symptoms other than cough or loss of sense of smell/taste. This is because a cough or anosmia can last for several weeks once the infection has gone. The 10-day period starts from the day when they first became ill. If they still have a high temperature, they should continue to self-isolate until their temperature returns to normal. Other members of their household should all self-isolate for the full			
period	Close contact		
Schools send home those people who have been in close contact with the person who has tested positive, advising them to self-isolate for 10 days since they were last in close contact with that person when they were infectious	 means: direct close contacts - face to face contact with an infected individual for any length of time, within 1 metre, including being coughed on, a face to face conversation, or unprotected physical contact (skin-to-skin) proximity contacts - extended close contact (within 1 to 2 metres for more than 15 minutes) with an infected individual travelling in a small vehicle, like a car, with an infected person 		
School must take swift action when they become aware that someone who has attended has tested positive for coronavirus and must contact the dedicated advice service introduced by Public Health England (PHE) and delivered by the NHS Business Services Authority	This can be reached by calling the DfE Helpline on 0800 046 8687 and selecting option 1 for advice on the action to take in response to a positive case. Schools will be put through to a team of		

			Г	
	advisers who will inform them of what action is needed based on the latest public health advice			
Public Health England has good evidence that routinely taking the temperature of pupils by the school is not recommended as this is an unreliable method for identifying coronavirus (COVID-19) so this does not take place	We do take temperatures			
Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene	1			
Staff/pupils/cleaners/contractors etc. will be reminded to clean their hands regularly, including when they arrive at school, when they return from breaks, when they change rooms and before and after eating	Ensure that staff have sufficient time to wash their hands regularly, as frequently as pupils	×		
Hands are washed with liquid soap & water for a minimum of 20 seconds		X		
The school has considered whether they have enough hand washing or hand sanitiser 'stations' available so that all pupils and staff can clean their hands regularly		X		
Alcohol based hand cleansers/gels can only be used if soap and water are not available, but is not a substitute for hand washing. Such gels MUST ONLY BE USED UNDER CLOSE SUPERVISION. In normal circumstances pupils should not be using alcohol based hand cleansers because of the risk of ingestion.	Skin friendly skin cleaning wipes can be used as an alternative			
The 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach is very important and is promoted	CAATCCH AWays carry commensative them to catch you? Image: Commensative them to catch you? BIN DIS Image: Commensative them to catch you? And the for several hours on to positive Image: Commensative them to catch you? BIN DIS Image: Commensative them to catch you? Souther to the for several hours on to positive Image: Commensative them to catch you? BIN DIS Image: Commensative them to catch you? <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Disposable tissues are available in each room for both staff and pupil use		\boxtimes		
Bins (ideally lidded pedal bins) for tissues are available in each room		X		
Risk assessments for pupils with complex needs that may struggle to maintain as good respiratory hygiene as their peers, for example those who spit uncontrollably or use saliva as a sensory stimulant, have been updated in order to support these pupils and the staff working with them	All pupils have individual care education health and behaviour plans. Sensible understanding of Covid 19 guidance and interactions with senior leaders			

	happens on a pupil by pupil case by		
	case basis		
Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE		L	
Face coverings are currently not in use by pupils in Primary schools as the risks are considered to be lower as pupils and staff are mixing in consistent groups, and because misuse may inadvertently increase the risk of transmission. There may also be negative effects on communication and thus education	Face coverings for staff in all areas except a classroom – strong recommendation to wear a visor or mask in school has been given		
In schools that are in areas where the COVID Alert Level is high or very high, or during periods of National Restrictions, adults (staff, visitors and contractors) in Primary Schools DO wear face coverings in areas outside of the classroom at the discretion of the Head Teacher	SPECIAL SCHOOL		
In schools where pupils in year 7 and above are educated, face coverings must be worn by adults and pupils when moving around the premises, outside of classrooms, such as in corridors and communal areas where social distancing cannot easily be maintained	Some individuals are exempt from wearing <u>face</u> <u>coverings</u> . This applies to those who: - cannot put on, wear or remove a face covering because of a physical or mental illness or impairment or disability - speak to or provide assistance to someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expression to communicate The same exemptions will apply in education settings, and we would expect teachers and other staff to be sensitive to those needs. Our pupils are exempt as a special school		

In the event of new local restrictions being agreed, schools will ensure they communicate quickly and clearly to staff, parents and pupils that the new arrangements require the use of face coverings in certain circumstances	Risk assessment updated and published weekly	X	
It is not necessary to wear face coverings in the classroom, where protective measures already mean the risks are lower, and where they could inhibit learning	We strongly recommend staff wearing facemasks in class (Jan 2021)	×	
In such circumstances as face coverings are to be worn in school they must be worn correctly	https://www.gov.uk/g overnment/publicatio ns/face-coverings-in- education/face- coverings-in- education		
Clear instructions are provided to staff and pupils on how to put on, remove, store and dispose of face coverings, to avoid inadvertently increasing the risks of transmission			
Safe wearing of face coverings requires cleaning of hands before and after touching – including to remove or put them on – and the safe storage of them in individual, sealable plastic bags between use			
Where a face covering becomes damp, it should not be worn and the face covering should be replaced		\boxtimes	
Where anybody is struggling to access a face covering, or where they are unable to use their face covering due to having forgotten it or it having become soiled or unsafe, the school has taken steps to have a small contingency supply available to meet such needs			
School has a procedure for removing face coverings when those who use them arrive at school, and when to wear face coverings at school in certain circumstances	This procedure should be communicated clearly to pupils and staff	×	
PPE will need to be worn by a member of staff if a pupil becomes unwell with symptoms of coronavirus while in their setting and needs direct personal care until they can return home. A face mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained. If contact with the pupil is necessary, then gloves, an apron and a face mask should be worn by the supervising adult. If there is a risk of splashing to the eyes, for example from coughing, spitting, or vomiting, then eye protection should also be worn	safe working in education, childcare and children's social care		
Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronaviru	us		
All visits to the school are restricted to those that are absolutely necessary		\boxtimes	

 Parent and carer visits are suspended for: new admissions, settling-in children new to the setting attending organised performances 			
All visitors and contractors must make pre- arranged appointments or they will not be allowed on site	Only 'key' visitors such as social care workers / health professionals for eg.will be allowed in school. But must follow social distancing rules and not cross bubbles		
School ensures site guidance on physical distancing and hygiene is explained to visitors and contractors on or before arrival		\boxtimes	
Where visits can happen outside of school hours, they are arranged as such		\boxtimes	
Contractors to attend by agreement only after school have satisfied themselves that it is necessary for the visit to take place at that time and that all required controls are in place to allow the work to continue safely			
Contractors to provide updated risk assessment prior to visit which includes their own controls round infection spread prevention	Times of visits may need to be adapted to take in to account the ability to maintain appropriate social distancing measures and availability of resources to effectively clean following the visits		
As normal, school engages with their local immunisation providers to provide immunisation programmes on site, ensuring these are delivered in keeping with the school's control measures	These programmes are essential for children's health and wellbeing		
A record is kept of all visitors with sufficient detail to support rapid contact tracing if required by NHS Test and Trace.			
Out-of-school activities (including wraparound care) may continue to operate if their primary purpose is providing registered childcare, or where they are offering other childcare activities, where this is reasonably necessary to enable parents to: • work or search for work • undertake training or education	See Out-of-school activities and wraparound childcare section of <u>Guidance for</u> <u>education-and-</u> <u>childcare-settings-</u> <u>new-national-</u> <u>restrictions-from-5-</u> <u>november-2020</u>		
All other out of school activities, including lettings, not being primarily used by parents for the above purposes, should close for face- to-face provision for the duration of the national restrictions			

In out-of-school settings, face coverings should be used where it is a requirement of the indoor setting or staff are likely to come into contact with other members of the public (complying with relevant coronavirus (COVID- 19) sector guidance)	See Out-of-school activities and wraparound childcare section of <u>Guidance for</u> <u>education-and-</u> <u>childcare-settings-</u> <u>new-national-</u> <u>restrictions-from-5-</u> <u>november-2020</u>		
Inadequate Ventilation			
Occupied spaces must always be well ventilated and a comfortable teaching environment maintained	This can be achieved by a variety of measures including: mechanical ventilation systems – these should be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible, and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance (if possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if not, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply)		
Ventilate spaces with outdoor air	natural ventilation – if necessary external opening doors may also be used provided this doesn't compromise safeguarding measures		
Where possible, occupied room windows should be open		X	
Keep toilet ventilation in operation as much as possible while building is occupied		X	
Switch air handling units with recirculation to 100% outdoor air where this is not possible, systems are operated as normal	Further advice on this can be found in Health and Safety Executive guidance on <u>air conditioning</u> <u>and ventilation</u> <u>during the</u>		

	1		1			
	coronavirus outbreak and CIBSE coronavirus (COVID-					
	<u>19) advice</u> . Further					
	advice to be sought					
	about potential re opening of hydro					
	therapy pool from					
	PHY and H and S					
Prop dears apon where acts to do as (bearing	Fire doors must not					
Prop doors open, where safe to do so (bearing in mind fire safety and safeguarding), to limit	be propped open					
use of door handles and assist with creating a	unless they have a	\boxtimes				
throughput of air	self-closing hold					
	open device fitted natural ventilation					
	– opening windows					
	(in cooler weather					
	windows should be					
In cold weather where the school heating	opened just enough					
system is activated, windows are open to	to provide constant	\boxtimes				
provide trickle ventilation rather than being	background					
fully open	ventilation, and					
	opened more fully					
	during breaks to					
	purge the air in the space)					
Consideration given to opening high level						
windows in preference to low level to reduce		\boxtimes				
draughts						
Consideration given to only opening every		R R	_	_		
other window instead of all windows when the		\boxtimes				
heating is activated	Pupils can wear					
—	multiple layers /					
The school offers flexibility to allow additional,	blankets etc if in	\boxtimes				
suitable indoor clothing	wheelchair / have					
	less mobility					
Furniture rearranged where possible to avoid		\boxtimes				
direct drafts						
Heating should be used as necessary to ensure comfort levels are maintained		\boxtimes				
particularly in occupied spaces						
When heating is activated and windows are on	Desk fans are					
trickle vent, consideration is given to	pointed away from					
employing desk fans to move any stagnant	people and pointed	\boxtimes				
pockets of air	at walls etc.					
	Electric fan heaters					
If school needs to use additional heaters they	used sparingly due to increased fire and	\boxtimes				
only use sealed, oil filled electric heaters	electrical risk					
Arrangements for Boarding Schools During Pandemic						
	Schools need to have					
Where pupils travel from abroad to attend	plans in place for the			\boxtimes		
boarding schools, the school needs to plan for	collection and					
			1			

their collection and transfer from their point of arrival	pupils to which n explained and the before t Advice t schools parents <u>resident</u> with inter <u>students</u> and in <u>h</u>	of these o school, eed to be ed to pupils ir parents hey travel. to help , pupils and is provided in tial settings ernational s guidance to when traveling K guidance				
Where they have travelled from, or have stopped at, a country or territory that is not on the <u>travel corridors list</u> , pupils will be required to self-isolate for 14 days from the day they leave a non-exempt country or territory to travel to the UK	pupils c isolate a					
Boarding pupils can be in one group residentially and another during the school day						\boxtimes
It is accepted that boarding pupils will mix during sociable time						
If a child in a boarding school shows symptoms, they should initially self-isolate in their residential setting household. Most children will benefit from self-isolating in their boarding house so that their usual support can continue. Others will benefit more from self- isolating in their family home	guidance on isolation for residential educational settings.					×
Have you consulted with the people/representat activity as part of the preparation of this risk ass		ertaking the	Ye	es D		No 🗆
What is the level of risk for this activity/situation measures		ting control	Hig ⊠	h	Med	Low
Is the risk adequately controlled with existing co	ntrol mea	asures	Ye	es 🛛		No 🗆
Have you identified any further control measures needed the risk and recorded them in the action plan		to control	Ye	es 🗵		No 🗆
ACTION PLAN (insert additional rows if require	,	To be actioned by		ed by		
Further control measures to reduce risks so far as is reasonably practicable		Name Date		•		
Ongoing liaison with PHE		Adam Booker C		On	going	
Reduce classroom numbers of multiple bubbles I order to reduce potential transmission rates		Adam Booke	r	On	going	
State overall risk level assigned to the task AFT	ER imple	mentation of	LUL	h	Med	Low
control and action plan measures taken as a res assessment	•		Hig ⊠		Med	Low

Is such a risk level deemed to be as low as reasonably practical?				Yes 🛛	No 🗆	
Is activity still acceptable with this level of risk?				Yes 🛛	No 🗆	
If no, has this b	Yes 🗆	No 🗆				
Assessor(s): Position(s):	Head Teacher	Signature(s):	Adan	dam booker		
Date:	03/02/21	Review Date:		Weekly		

Distribution: website / unions

Risk rating	Action
HIGH	Urgently review/add controls & monitor, notify H&S Team (if Likely or Highly Likely – stop work, seek competent advice)
MEDIUM	Review/add controls (as far as reasonably practicable) & monitor
LOW	Monitor control measures

				POTENTIAL OUTCO	DME				
POTENTIAL OUTCOME		IAL OUTCOME LIKELIHOOD		Catastrophic					
Catastrophic	Fatal injury/permanent disability	Highly likely	More likely to occur						
Major	RIDDOR reportable Specified Injury/ Disease/Dangerous Occurrence	Likely		Major					
Moderate	RIDDOR reportable over 7 day injury	Possible		Moderate					
Minor	Minor injury (requiring first aid)	Unlikely		Minor					
Insignificant	Minor injury	Remote	Less likely to occur	Insignificant					
					Remote	Unlikely	Possible	Likely	Highly Likely

LIKELIHOOD